RADIATION – MEDICAL ISSUES

The three basic ways to reduce radiation exposure:

- TIME: Decrease the amount of time you spend near the source of radiation.
- DISTANCE: Increase your distance from a radiation source.
- SHIELDING: Increase the shielding between you and the radiation source. Shielding is anything that creates a barrier between people and the radiation source. Depending on the type of radiation, the shielding can range from something as thin as a plate of window glass or as thick as several feet of concrete. Being inside a building or a vehicle can provide shielding from some kinds of radiation.

ACUTE RADIATION SYNDROME (ARS)

- Also called radiation sickness
 - People exposed to radiation will get ARS only if:
 - The radiation dose was high
 - The radiation was penetrating
 - (that is, able to reach internal organs),
 - The person's entire body, or most of it, received the dose, and
 - The radiation was received in a short time, usually within minutes.

NOTE:

- Rescuers, first responders and nuclear power plant workers are more likely to be exposed to doses of radiation high enough to cause acute effects.
- There is no health threat to the US from radiation.



